ET4557 - SIM Card Interface Level Translator With EMI Filter and ESD Protection

General Description

The ET4557 device is built for interfacing a SIM card with a single low-voltage 1.08V to 1.98V host side interface. The ET4557 contains three 1.62V to 3.6V level translators to convert the data, RST and CLK signals between a SIM card and a host micro controller.

The ET4557 is compliant with all ETSI, IMT-2000 and ISO-7816 SIM/Smart card interface requirements.

Features

- Supports clock speed up to 10MHz clock
- Compliant with all ETSI, IMT-2000 and ISO-7816 SIM/Smart card interface requirements
- Support SIM card supply voltages with range of 1.62V to 3.6V
- Host micro controller operating voltage range: 1.08V to 1.98V
- Automatic level translation of I/O, RST and CLK between SIM card and host side interface with capacitance isolation
- Incorporates shutdown feature for the SIM card signals according to ISO-7816-3
- Automatic enable and disable through VCCB
- Integrated pull-up and pull-down resistors: no external resistors required
- Integrated EMI filters suppress higher harmonics of digital I/Os
- Integrated 8kV ESD protection according to IEC 61000-4-2, level 4 on all SIM card contact pins
- Level shifting buffers keep ESD stress away from the host (zero-clamping concept)
- Pb-free, Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) compliant and free of halogen and antimony (Dark Green compliant)
- Part No. and Package

Part No.	Package	MSL
ET4557	QFN10 (1.4mm×1.8mm,0.4mm pitch)	Level 1

Applications

- Mobile and personal phones
- Wireless modems
- SIM card terminals

Pin Configuration



Pin Function

Pin	Pin No.	Туре	Description
RST_HOST	1	I	Reset input from host controller.
CLK_HOST	2	I	Clock input from host controller.
IO_HOST	3	I/O	Host controller bidirectional data input/output. The host output must be on an open-drain driver.
Vссв	4	Supply	SIM card supply voltage. When V_{CCB} is below the V_{CCB} disable, the device is disabled. This pin should be bypassed with a 1 μ F ceramic capacitor close to the pin.
IO_SIM	5	I/O	SIM card bidirectional data input/output. The SIM card output must be on an open-drain driver.
CLK_SIM	6	0	Clock output pin for the SIM card.
RST_SIM	7	0	Reset output pin for the SIM card.
GND	8	Ground	Ground for the SIM card and host controller. Proper grounding and bypassing are required to meet ESD specifications.
Vcca	9	Supply	Supply voltage for the host controller side input/output pins (CLK_HOST, RST_HOST, IO_HOST). This pin should be bypassed with a 1 μ F ceramic capacitor close to the pin.
EN	10	I	Host controller driven enable pin. This pin should be HIGH (V_{CCA}) for normal operation, and LOW to help avoid race conditions specifically during the shutdown sequence.

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Block Diagram



Functional Description

The ET4557 device is built for interfacing a SIM card with a single low-voltage 1.08V to 1.98V host side interface. The ET4557 contains three 1.62V to 3.6V level translators to convert the data, RST and CLK signals between a SIM card and a host micro controller.

Supply	Voltage	Input	Input/Out		Operational
V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	EN ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Host SIM Card		Mode
1.08 V to 1.98 V	1.62 V to 3.6 V	Н	HOST=SIM Card	SIM Card=HOST	Active
1.08 V to 1.98 V	1.62 V to 3.6 V	L	See <u>Table 2</u> , Condition B		Shutdown Mode
GND	1.62 V to 3.6 V	Х	See <u>Table 2</u> , Condition B		Shutdown Mode
1.08 V to 1.98 V	GND	Х	See <u>Table 2</u> , Condition A		Shutdown Mode
GND	GND	Х	See <u>Table 2</u> ,	Condition A	Shutdown Mode

Table 1. Function Table

1) H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care.

2) V_{IL} and V_{IH} are referenced to V_{CCA} . The EN can be controlled by an external device limit of V_{CCA} + 0.3 V.

Pin condition	Condition A	Condition B
RST_HOST	100 kΩ pull low	100 kΩ pull low
CLK_HOST	100 kΩ pull low	100 kΩ pull low
IO_HOST	4.3 kΩ pull to V _{CCA}	4.3 k Ω pull to V _{CCA}
RST_SIM	100 kΩ pull low	400 Ω pull low
CLK_SIM	100 kΩ pull low	400 Ω pull low
IO_SIM	High Z	400 Ω pull low

Table 2. Pin Condition

Shutdown Sequence of ET4557

The ISO 7816-3 specification specifies the shutdown sequence for the SIM card signals to ensure that the card is properly disabled for power savings. Also during hot swap, the orderly shutdown of these signals helps to avoid any improper write and corruption of data.

When the enable, EN, is asserted LOW, the shutdown sequence is initiated by powering down the RST_SIM channel. Once the RST_SIM channel is powered down, CLK_SIM and IO_SIM are powered down sequentially one-by-one. An internal pull-down resistor on the SIM pins is used to pull these channels LOW. The shutdown sequence is completed in a few microseconds. It is important that EN is pulled LOW before V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} supplies go LOW to ensure that the shutdown sequence is properly initiated.



Embedded Enable if Enable is tied to VCCA

The device contains an auto-enable feature. If V_{CCB} rises above V_{CCB_EN} , the level translator logic is enabled automatically. As soon as V_{CCB} drops below the V_{CCB_DIS} , the SIM card side drivers and the level translator logic is disabled. Host side IO pin is configured as input with a 4.3 k Ω resistor pulled up to V_{CCA} .

When the V_{CCB} drops below V_{CCB} disable voltage but is still higher than a MOS threshold (e.g. 0.8 V) the pull-down NMOS in the one-directional drive will be off and NMOS controlled by CTL will be on, and the 400 Ω resistor will keep the card side CLK/RST/IO low. Additionally the CLK/RST pins on both the Host and Card

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side have a 100 k Ω pull down resistor. The 400 Ω resistor is used for discharge at power off and the 100 k Ω resister is used for keep RST_SIM/CLK_SIM low when V_{CCB} below V_{TH}.



EMI filter

All input/output driver stages are equipped with EMI filters to reduce interferences towards sensitive mobile communication.

ESD protection

The device has robust ESD protections on all SIM card pins as well as on the V_{CCB} pin. The architecture prevents any stress for the host: the voltage translator discharges any stress to supply ground.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditio	าร	Min.	Max.	Unit
Vcca	Host supply voltage			GND - 0.5	2.4	V
Vссв	SIM supply voltage			GND - 0.5	4.0	V
Vı (CLK_HOST)	Input voltage on pin CLK_HOST	Input signal voltage	, HOST side	GND - 0.5	V _{CCA} +0.3	V
Vı (RST_HOST)	Input voltage on pin RST_HOST	Input signal voltage	, HOST side	GND - 0.5	V _{CCA} +0.3	V
Vı (IO_HOST)	Input voltage on pin IO_HOST	Input signal voltage	, HOST side	GND - 0.5	V _{CCA} +0.3	V
Vı (CLK_SIM)	Input voltage on pin CLK_SIM	Input signal voltage	e, SIM side	GND - 0.5	V _{CCB} +0.3	V
Vı (RST_SIM)	Input voltage on pin RST_SIM	Input signal voltage, SIM side		GND - 0.5	V _{CCB} +0.3	V
Vı (IO_SIM)	Input voltage on pin IO_SIM	Input signal voltage, SIM side		GND - 0.5	V _{CCB} +0.3	V
Tstg	Storage temperature			-65	+150	°C
TJ	Junction temperature			-40	+150	°C
T _A	Ambient temperature			-40	+85	°C
		IEC 61000-4-2, level 4, all memory	Contact discharge	-8	+8	kV
	Electrostatic discharge	card- side pins, V _{ссв} and GND	Air discharge	-15	+15	kV
Vesd	voltage	Human Body Model (HBM) JEDEC JESD22-A114F; all pins Charge Device Model (CDM) JEDEC JESD22-C101E; all pins		-2000	+2000	V
				-500	+500	V
I∟∪ (IO)	Input/output latch-up current	JESD 78l -0.5xV _{CC} <v<sub>1<1.5xV</v<sub>		-200	+200	mA

* All system level tests are performed with the application-specific capacitors connected to the supply pins V_{SUPPLY} , V_{LDO} and V_{CCA} .

Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Unit	
Basic Ope	ration						
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage ⁽²⁾		1.08		1.98	V	
		Operating mode;					
		EN = V _{CCA}		5	10	μA	
lass		fclk_host = 1 MHz,					
	Supply	Quiescent current;					
ICCA	current	EN and IO_HOST = V_{CCA} ,		0.01	1	μA	
		CLK_HOST = GND					
		Shutdown mode;			4		
		EN = GND			1	μA	
Vccb	SIM supply voltage		1.62		3.6	V	
		Operating mode;					
Іссв	SIM supply current	fclk_host = 1 MHz,		300	350	μA	
		EN= V_{CCA} , C_i = 50 pF					
		Quiescent current;					
		EN and IO_HOST = V _{CCA} ,		3.7	10	μA	
		CLK_HOST = GND					
		Shutdown mode;			1	μА	
		EN = GND			1	μA	
N/	lanut veltere	host side	-0.3		V _{CCA} +0.3	T 7	
Vı	Input voltage	Sim card side	-0.3		V _{CCB} +0.3	V	
Automatic	Enable Feature: V _{CCB}						
	Device enable	V _{CCA} ≥ 1.0 V,	4.00				
V _{CCB_EN}	voltage level	V _{CCB} rising edge	1.62			V	
	Device disable	V _{CCA} ≥ 1.0 V,			0.00		
Vccb_dis	voltage level	V _{CCB} falling edge			0.80	V	
Hardware I	Enable Pin			·			
N/	HIGH-level	1.08 V ≤ V _{CCA} < 1.98 V	0.65×			V	
VIH	input voltage	EN pin threshold	V _{CCA}			V	
N/	LOW-level	1.08 V ≤ V _{CCA} < 1.98 V			0.35×		
VIL	input voltage	EN pin threshold			Vcca	V	
Level Shift	er						
		IO_HOST, RST_HOST,	0.65.				
		CLK_HOST	0.65×		V _{CCA} +0.3	V	
VIH ⁽⁴⁾	HIGH-level	1.08 V ≤ V _{CCA} < 1.98 V	Vcca				
	input voltage		0.65×			V	
		IO_SIM	VCCB		V _{ССВ} +0.3	V	

 $1.62 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{CCB}} \le 3.6 \text{ V}, 1.08 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{CCA}} \le 1.98 \text{ V}, \text{T}_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}.$

Electrical Characteristics(Continued)

$1.62 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{CCB}} \le 3.6 \text{ V}, 1.08 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{CCA}} \le 1.98 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ °C to } +85 \text{ °C}$	С.
$1.02 V = V CCB = 0.0 V$, $1.00 V = V CCA = 1.00 V$, $1A = 40 0 CO \cdot 00 V$	J.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
		IO_HOST, RST_HOST,	0.15		0.35×	V
VIL ⁽⁴⁾	LOW-level	CLK_HOST	-0.15		Vcca	v
VIL	input voltage	IO_SIM	-0.15		0.35×	V
		10_0101	-0.13		Vссв	v
		IO_SIM connected to	5	6	7.7	kΩ
		V _{CCB} ,V _{CCB} =2.8V	Ŭ	Ŭ	1.1	132
Rpu	Pull-up	IO_SIM connected to	5.5	7	9.5	kΩ
110	resistance	$V_{CCB}, V_{CCB}=1.8V$	0.0		0.0	1132
		IO_HOST connected to	3.3	4.3	6	kΩ
		VCCA			.	
		RST_SIM, CLK_SIM;	0.85×		Vссв	V
		I _{ОН} = -1 mA	V _{CCB}		1005	
Vон	HIGH-level	IO_SIM;	0.85×		Vссв	v
011	output voltage	I _{OH} = -20 µA	VCCB		1005	-
		IO_HOST;	0.85×		Vcca	v
		I _{ОН} = -20 µА	VCCA			
	-	RST_SIM, CLK_SIM;	0		0.115×	mV
		l _{o∟} = 1 mA			Vссв	
Vol	LOW-level	IO_SIM; I₀∟ = 1 mA	0		0.125×	mV
	output voltage				Vccb	
		IO_HOST; Io∟ = 1 mA	0		0.25×	mV
					V _{CCA}	
	Pull-down	CLK_HOST/SIM,				
Rpd	resistance	RST_HOST/SIM;	70	100	130	kΩ
		EN = 0				
EMI Filter				1		1
		IO_SIM;		20		0
		R1 tolerance ± 30 %	-	30	-	Ω
Rs	Series resistance ⁽⁵⁾	RST_SIM;				
1/2	Series resistance.	R1 tolerance ± 30 %	-	30	-	Ω
		CLK_SIM;		20		
		R1 tolerance ± 30 %	-	30	-	Ω
		IO_SIM	-	8.5	-	pF
Cio	Input/Output/	RST_SIM	-	8.5	-	pF
	Capacitance ⁽⁵⁾	CLK_SIM		8.5	1	pF

Electrical Characteristics(Continued)

$1.62 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{CCB}} \le 3.6 \text{ V}, \ 1.08 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{CCA}} \le 1.98 \text{ V}, \ \text{T}_{\text{A}} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C}.$								
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
Dynamic characteristics								
F _{CLK} = F _{IO} =	= 1 MHz; unless otherwise	specified. Refer to Figure	4;					
V _{CCA} = 1.8 V	V; V _{CCB} = 3.0 V; SIM card C	$L \leq 30 \text{ pF}; \text{ host } C_L \leq 10 \text{ pF}$		-				
		I/O channel; SIM card		8	15			
+	tphl and tplh are tpd	side to host side		0	15	ns		
t _{PD}	propagation delay ⁽⁵⁾	all channels; host side to		0	45			
		SIM card side		8	15	ns		
	t_{THL} and t_{TLH} are the				10			
t⊤	transition time. ⁽⁵⁾				10	ns		
	Output skew time ^{(3) (5)}	between channels;		2				
tsк(o)		IO_SIM and CLK_SIM				ns		
Fclk	Clock frequency ⁽⁵⁾	CLK_SIM			10	MHz		
V _{CCA} = 1.2	V; V _{CCB} = 1.8 V; SIM card	C∟ ≤ 30 pF; host C∟ ≤ 10 p	F					
		I/O channel; SIM card		4.5	05			
4	t _{PHL} and t _{PLH} are t _{PD}	side to host side		15	25	ns		
t _{PD}	propagation delay ⁽⁵⁾	all channels; host side to		45	05			
		SIM card side		15	25	ns		
4	t_{THL} and t_{TLH} are the				10			
t⊤	transition time. ⁽⁵⁾				10	ns		
	Quality (2)(5)	between channels;	_	0				
tsк(o)	Output skew time ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	IO_SIM and CLK_SIM	2			ns		
F _{CLK}	Clock frequency ⁽⁵⁾	CLK_SIM			10	MHz		

 $1.62 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{CCB}} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$, $1.08 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{CCA}} \le 1.98 \text{ V}$, $\text{T}_{\text{A}} = -40 \text{ °C to } +85 \text{ °C}$.

Notes: (1) Typical values measured at 25 °C

(2) The voltage must not exceed 1.98 V steady state.

(3) Skew between any two outputs of the same package switching in the same direction with same C_L .

(4) $V_{\text{IL}},\,V_{\text{IH}}$ depend on the individual supply voltage per interface

(5) Guaranteed by design Note: This parameter is guaranteed by design and characterization.



Application Circuits



Input/output capacitor considerations

It is recommended that a 1µF and 100nF capacitors having low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) are used respectively at V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} input terminals of the device. X5R and X7R type multi-layer ceramic capacitors (MLCC) are preferred because they have minimal variation in value and ESR over temperature. The maximum ESR should be < $500m\Omega$ ($50m\Omega$ typical).

Layout consideration

The capacitors should be placed directly at the terminals and ground plane. It is recommended to design the PCB so that the V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} pins are bypassed with a capacitor with each ground returning to a common node at the GND pin of the device such that ground loops are minimized.

Level translator stage

The architecture of the device I/O channel is shown in Figure 6. The device does not require an extra input signal to control the direction of data flow from host to SIM or from SIM to host.

As a change of driving direction is just possible when both sides are in HIGH state, the control logic is recognizing the first falling edge granting it control about the other signal side.

During a rising edge signal, the non-driving output is driven by a one- shot circuit to accelerate the rising edge. In case of a communication error or some other unforeseen incident that would drive both connected sides to be drivers at the same time, the internal logic automatically prevents stuck-at situation, so both I/Os will return to HIGH level once released from being driven LOW.

The channels RST and CLK just contain single direction drivers without the holding mechanism of the I/O channel, as these are just driven from the host to the card side.



Package Dimension

QFN10: plastic, extremely thin quad flat package; no leads; 10 terminals;







Marking



Revision History and Checking Table

Version	Date	Revision Item	Modifier	Function & Spec Checking	Package & Tape Checking
0.0	2022.5.9	Preliminary Version	You-Yingquan	Liu Kangsheng	Liujy
0.2	2022.11.9	Update Typesetting	Shi Bo	Liu Kangsheng	Liujy
0.3	2023.2.9	Electrical parameter update	Shi Bo	Liu Kangsheng	Liujy
0.4	2023.4.6	Electrical parameter update	Zou Chaomin	Liu Kangsheng	Liujy
1.0	2023.5.4	Electrical parameter update	Zou Chaomin	Liu Kangsheng	Liujy
1.1	2023.5.19	Electrical parameter update	Zou Chaomin	Liu Kangsheng	Liujy
1.2	2023.5.25	Add reel and marking	Shibo	Liu Kangsheng	Liujy
1.3	2023.11.29	Update package Dimension	Shibo	Liu Kangsheng	Liujy