

## Single 2-input NAND Gate

### General Description

The ETQ74LVC1G00 is a single 2-input NAND Gate operating from a 1.65V to 5.5V supply. This device is fabricated with advanced CMOS technology to achieve ultra-high speed with high output drive.

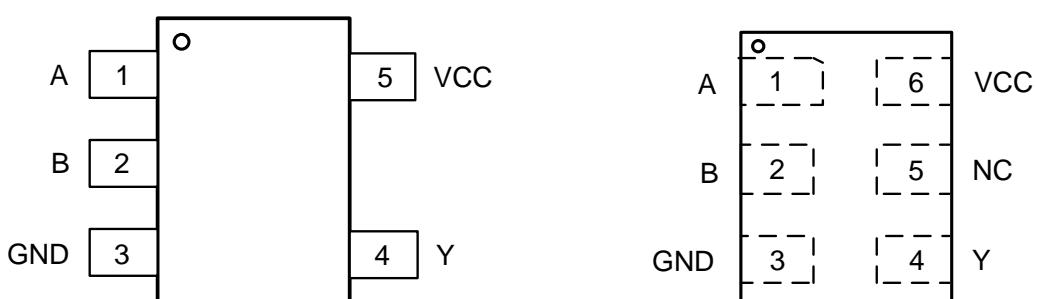
### Features

- Designed for 1.65V to 5.5V V<sub>CC</sub> Operation
- Over-voltage Tolerant Inputs
- 24mA Balanced Output Sink and Source Capability
- Near Zero Static Supply Current Substantially Reduces System Power Requirements
- These Devices are Pb-Free and are RoHS Compliant
- Automotive AEC-Q100 Grade 1 Qualified
  - Ambient Temperature Range of -40 °C to +125 °C
  - ESD HBM 4 KV PASS
  - ESD CDM 1 KV PASS
  - Latch Up Current to 100mA PASS

### Device Information

Part No.	Package	MSL
ETQ74LVC1G00	SC70-5 (1.3mm×2.1mm)	3
ETQ74LVC1G00T	SOT23-5 (1.6mm×2.9mm)	3
ETQ74LVC1G00Y	DFN6 (1.0mm×1.5mm)	1

### Pin Configuration



SC70-5/SOT23-5

DFN6(1.0×1.5)

Figure1. Top View

# ETQ74LVC1G00

## Pin Function

SC70-5 / SOT23-5

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function
1	A	Input A
2	B	Input B
3	GND	Ground
4	Y	Output Y
5	VCC	Supply Voltage

DFN6

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function
1	A	Input A
2	B	Input B
3	GND	Ground
4	Y	Output Y
5	NC	No Connect
6	VCC	Supply Voltage

## Block Diagram

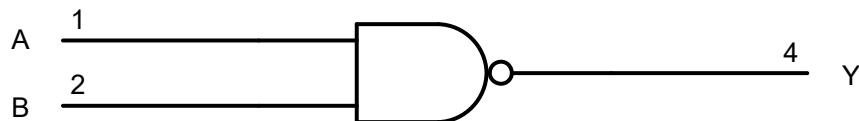


Figure2. Logic Symbol

## Functional Description

Function Table

Input		Output
A	B	Y
L	L	H
L	H	H
H	L	H
H	H	L

# ETQ74LVC1G00

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	DC Supply Voltage		-0.5 to 7.0	V
V <sub>I</sub>	DC Input Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>		-0.5 ≤ V <sub>I</sub> ≤ +7.0	V
V <sub>O</sub>	DC Output Voltage Output in Higher or Low State		-0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	DC Input Diode Current	V <sub>I</sub> < GND	-50	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	DC Output Diode Current	V <sub>O</sub> < GND, V <sub>O</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub>	±50	mA
I <sub>O</sub>	DC Output Sink Current		±50	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	DC Supply Current per Supply Pin		±100	mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	DC Ground Current per Supply Pin		±100	mA
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range		-65 to 150	°C
T <sub>L</sub>	Lead Temperature, Soldering 10 Seconds		260	°C
T <sub>J</sub>	Max Junction Temperature		150	°C
V <sub>ESD</sub>	ESD Classification	Human Body Model <sup>(2)</sup>	±4000	V
		Charged Device Model <sup>(3)</sup>	±1000	
I <sub>LU</sub>	Max Latch up Current Above V <sub>CC</sub> and GND at 125°C <sup>(4)</sup>		±100	mA

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

**Note1.** IO absolute maximum rating must be observed.

**Note2.** Tested to AEC-Q100-002(EIA/JESD22-A114).

**Note3.** Tested to AEC-Q100-011(JESD22-C101).

**Note4.** Tested to AEC-Q100-004(EIA/JESD78E).

## Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Package	Ratings	Value	Unit
R <sub>θJA</sub>	SC70-5	Thermal Characteristics, Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Air	300	°C/W
	SOT23-5		250	
	DFN6(1.0×1.5)		440	

## Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	DC Supply Voltage Operating		1.65	5.5	V
	Data Retention		1.5	5.5	
V <sub>IN</sub>	DC Input Voltage		0	5.5	V
V <sub>OUT</sub>	DC Output Voltage (High or Low State)		0	5.5	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Temperature Range		-40	125	°C
t <sub>r,tf</sub>	Input Rise and Fall Time	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	0	20	ns/V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V ± 0.3 V	0	10	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V ± 0.5 V	0	5	

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## Electrical Characteristics

### DC Electrical Characteristics

Symbol I	Parameter	Condition	Vcc(V)	TA = 25 °C			-40°C ≤ TA ≤ 125°C		Unit
				Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-Level Input Voltage		1.65to1.95 2.3 to 5.5	0.75V <sub>c</sub> 0.7V <sub>cc</sub>			0.75V <sub>cc</sub> 0.7V <sub>cc</sub>		V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-Level Input Voltage		1.65to1.95 2.3 to 5.5			0.25V <sub>cc</sub> 0.3V <sub>cc</sub>		0.25V <sub>cc</sub> 0.3V <sub>cc</sub>	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-Level Output Voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> =-100uA	1.65 to 5.5	V <sub>cc</sub> -0. 1	V <sub>cc</sub>		V <sub>cc</sub> -0.1		V
		I <sub>OH</sub> =-3mA	1.65	1.29	1.4		1.29		
		I <sub>OH</sub> =-8mA	2.3	1.9	2.1		1.9		
		I <sub>OH</sub> =-12mA	2.7	2.2	2.4		2.2		
		I <sub>OH</sub> =-16mA	3.0	2.4	2.7		2.4		
		I <sub>OH</sub> =-24mA	3.0	2.3	2.5		2.3		
		I <sub>OH</sub> =-32mA	4.5	3.8	4.0		3.8		
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-Level Output Voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> =100uA	1.65 to 5.5		0.0	0.1		0.1	V
		I <sub>OL</sub> =3mA	1.65		0.08	0.24		0.24	
		I <sub>OL</sub> =8mA	2.3		0.20	0.3		0.3	
		I <sub>OL</sub> =12mA	2.7		0.22	0.4		0.4	
		I <sub>OL</sub> =16mA	3.0		0.28	0.4		0.4	
		I <sub>OL</sub> =24mA	3.0		0.38	0.55		0.55	
		I <sub>OL</sub> =32mA	4.5		0.42	0.55		0.55	
I <sub>IN</sub>	Input Leakage Current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5V or GND	0 to 5.5			±0.1		±1.0	uA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	Power Off Leakage Current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5V or V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5.5V	0			1		10	uA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Quiescent Supply Current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5V or GND	5.5			1		10	uA

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## AC Electrical Characteristics

$t_r = t_f = 2.5\text{ns}$

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	$V_{CC}(\text{V})$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$			$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$		Unit
				Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{PLH}$ $t_{PHL}$	Propagation Delay (Figure 3 and 4)	$R_L = 1\text{M}\Omega$ $C_L = 15\text{pF}$	1.65	2.0	10.1	12.9	2.0	13.9	ns
			1.8	2.0	9.1	11.6	2.0	12.4	
		$R_L = 1\text{M}\Omega$ $C_L = 15\text{pF}$	2.5	0.2	6.0	7.7	0.8	8.2	
			3.3	0.8	5.0	6.5	0.5	7.0	
		$R_L = 500\Omega$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}$		1.2	5.6	7.1	1.5	7.6	
		5.0	0.5	4.4	5.6	0.5	6.1		
			$R_L = 500\Omega$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}$	0.8	4.8	6.1	0.8	6.6	

## Capacitance Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Typ	Unit
$C_{IN}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$ , $V_I = 0\text{V}$ or $V_{CC}$	>4	pF
$C_{PD}$	Power Dissipation Capacitance <sup>(5)</sup>	10MHz, $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ , $V_I = 0\text{V}$ or $V_{CC}$	21	pF
		10MHz, $V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$ , $V_I = 0\text{V}$ or $V_{CC}$	21	

**Note 5.**  $C_{PD}$  is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load. Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:  
 $I_{CC(OPR)} = C_{PD} \times V_{CC} \times f_{in} + I_{CC} \times C_{PD}$  is used to determine the no-load dynamic power consumption;  
 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_{in} + I_{CC} \times V_{CC} \times \text{Fig.}$

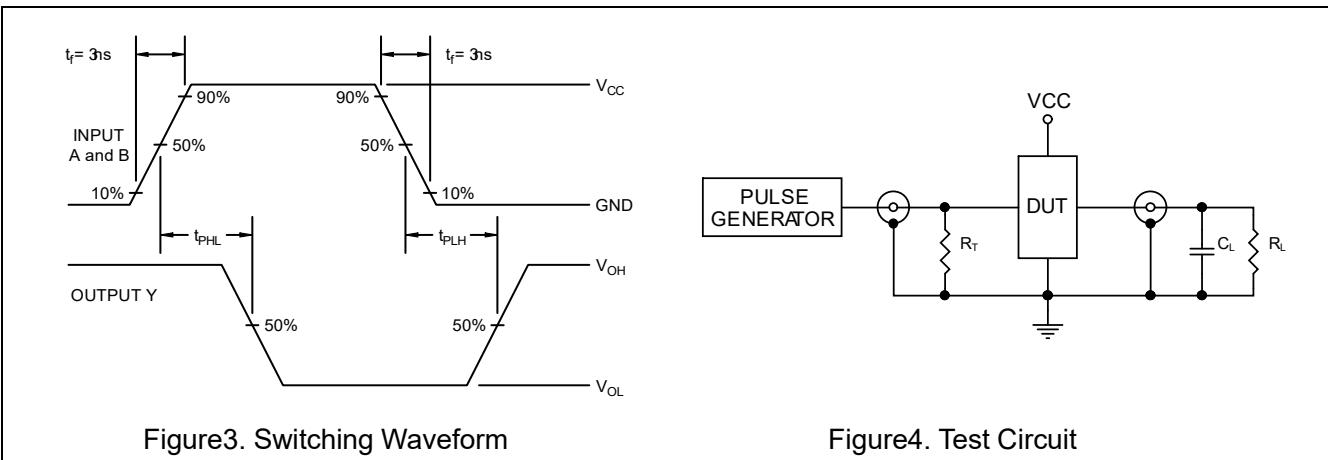


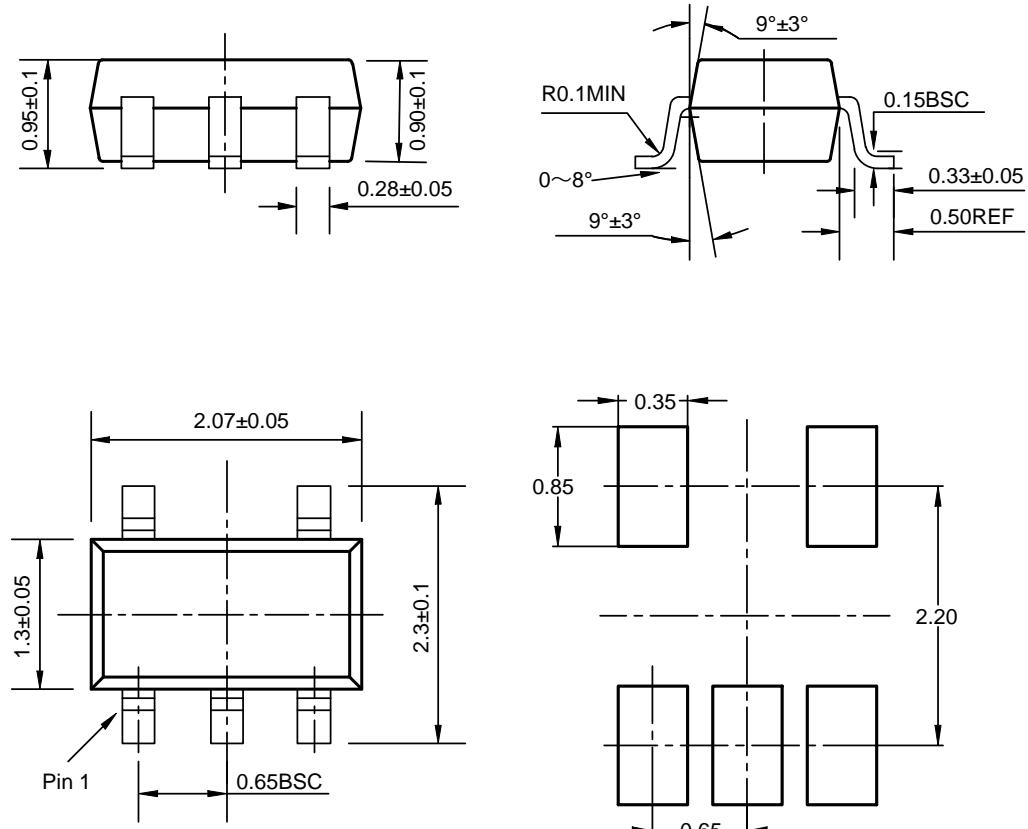
Figure 3. Switching Waveform

Figure 4. Test Circuit

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## Package Dimension

SC70-5

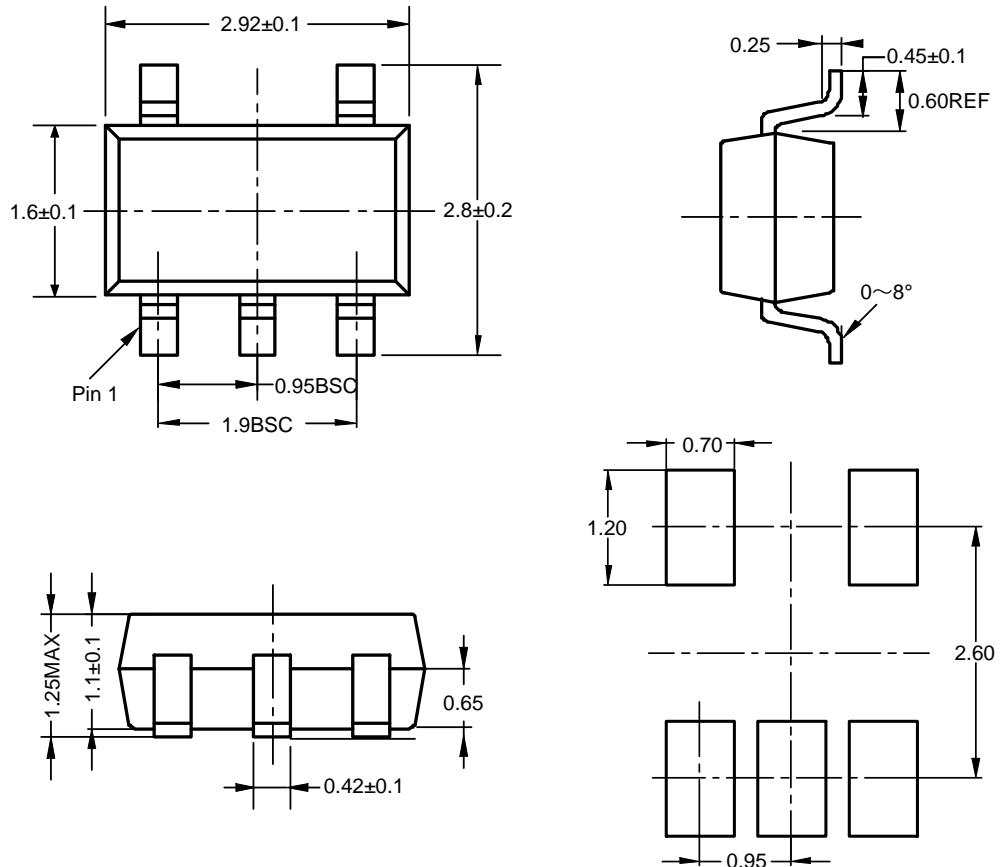


**Recommended Land Pattern**

Unit: mm

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SOT23-5

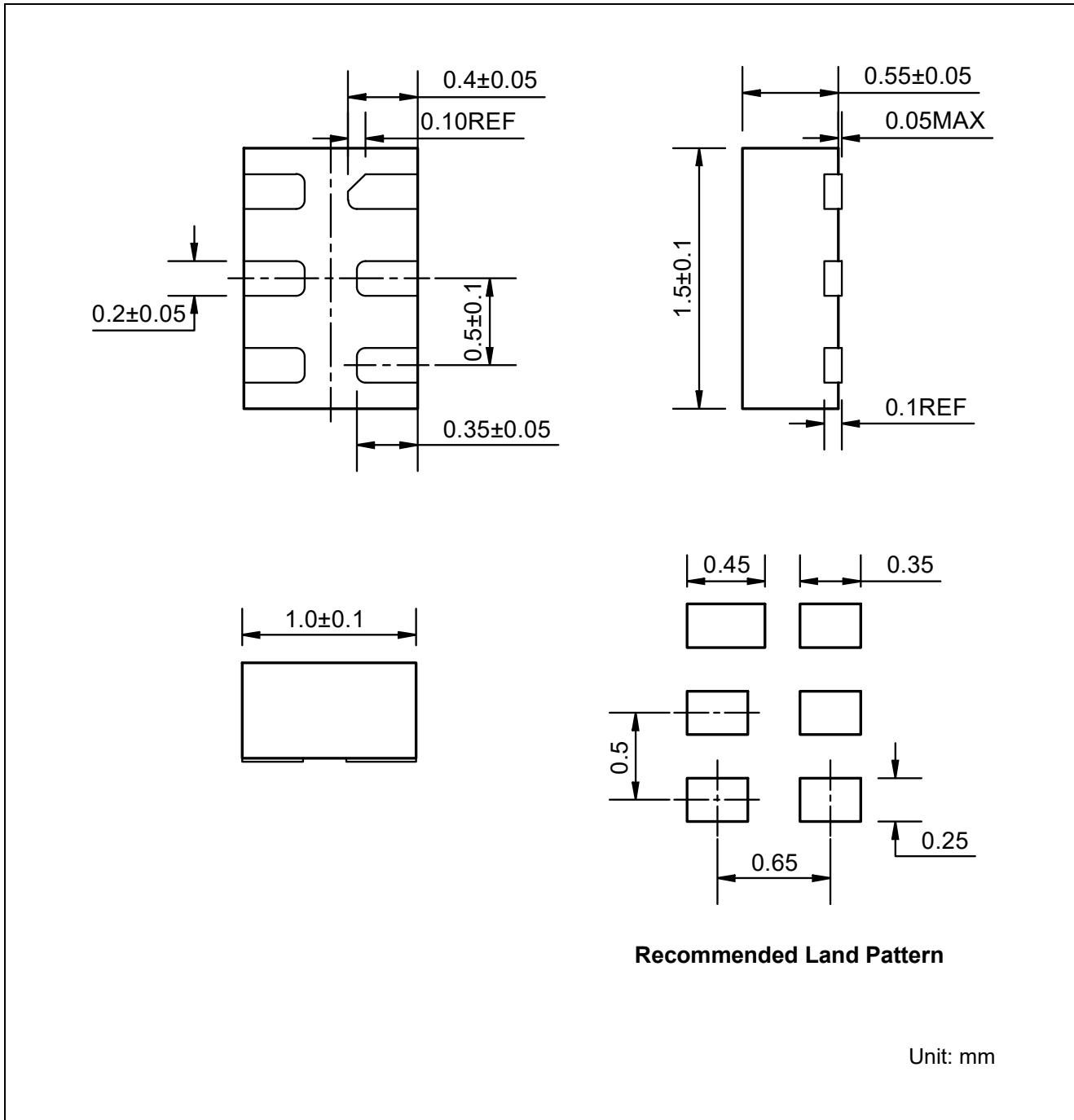


**Recommended Land Pattern**

Unit: mm

# ETQ74LVC1G00

DFN6 (1.0×1.5)



# ETQ74LVC1G00

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## Revision History and Checking Table

Version	Date	Revision Item	Modifier	Function & Spec Checking	Package & Tape Checking
1.0	2017-07-17	Original Version	Ma Yong jian	Ma Yong jian	Liu Jia Ying
1.1	2019-07-18	Update AC Table and Device Information	Ma Yong jian	Ma Yong jian	Liu Jia Ying
1.2	2021-10-26	Update AC Table	Ma Yong jian	Ma Yong jian	Liu Jia Ying
1.3	2022-06-10	ESD Update	Shibo	Shibo	Zhujil
1.4	2022-10-14	Update format and Thermal Characteristics	Wuhan	Shibo	Zhujil
1.5	2023-11-29	Update Typeset /ESD	Shibo	Shibo	Zhujil