300mΩ, 0.25A Current Limited Load Switch with Reverse Current Blocking

General Description

The ET20155 are current limited P-channel MOSFET power switch designed for high-side load switching applications. This switch operates with inputs ranging from 2.5V to 5.5V, making it ideal for both 3.3V and 5V systems. An integrated current-limiting circuit protects the input supply against large currents which may cause the supply to fall out of regulation. The ET20155 is also protected from thermal overload which limits power dissipation and junction temperatures. Current limit threshold is fixed internally. The quiescent supply current in active mode is only 25μA. In shutdown mode, the supply current decreases to less than 1μA.

The ET20155 is available in Pb-free packages and is specified over the -40°C to +85°C ambient temperature range.

Features

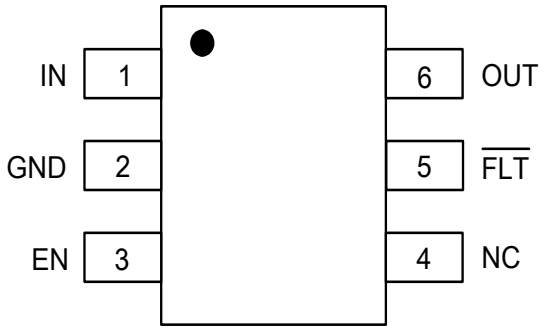
- Input Voltage Range: 2.5V to 5.5V
- Fixed Current Limit
- Reverse Current Blocking
- Short-Circuit Response: 2us
- Very Low Quiescent Current: 25μA (Typ)
- 1μA Max Shutdown Supply Current
- Under-Voltage Lockout
- Fault indication (FLT)
- Thermal Shutdown
- 4kV ESD Rating
- Ambient Temperature Range: -40°C to +85°C
- Part No. and Package

Part No.	Package
ET20155	Package SC70-6

Application

- Smart Phones and PDAs
- LCD TVs and Monitors
- Set-Top-Boxes
- Personal electronics
- HDMI output ports
- Notebook, desktop PC
- Docking stations

Pin Configuration

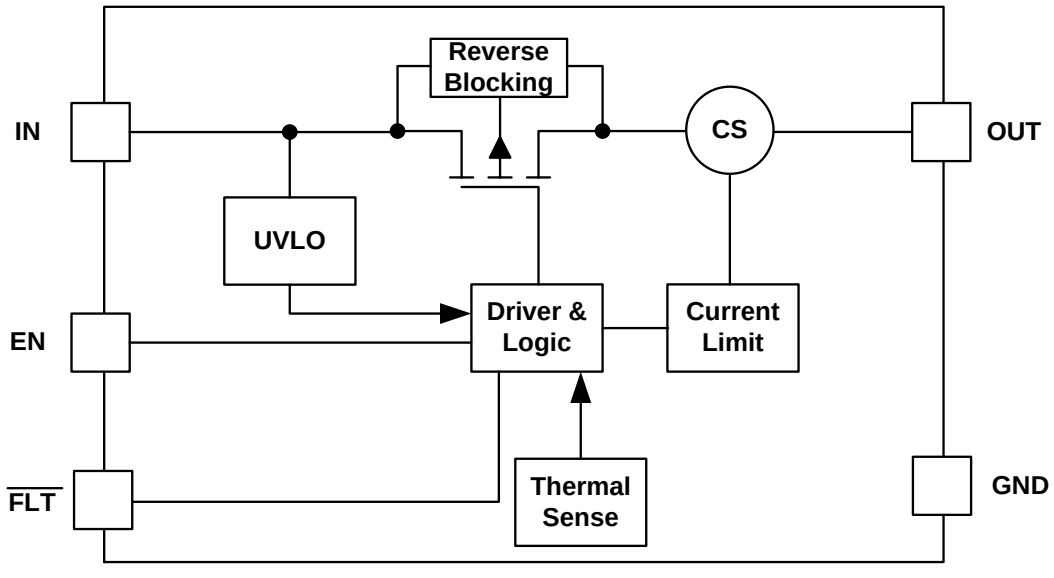


Top View

Pin Function

Pin	Name	Description
1	IN	Power supply input.
2	GND	Ground pin.
3	EN	Enable input, high enable.
4	NC	No connect
5	$\overline{\text{FLT}}$	Over-current and over-temperature fault reporting signal output, active low with 6ms blanking time for over-current conditions.
6	OUT	Power output.

Block Diagram



Operation

ET20155 is an integrated power switch with a low Rdson P-channel MOSFET, internal gate rive circuit, fixed current limiting, and thermal protection. When the device is active, if there is no load, the device only consumes 25uA supply current, which makes the device suitable for battery powered applications.

Power Supply Considerations

A 0.01μF to 0.1μF ceramic bypass capacitor between IN and GND, close to the device, is recommended.

Placing a high-value electrolytic capacitor on the output pin(s) is recommended when the output load is heavy. This precaution reduces power-supply transients that may cause ringing on the input and minimize the input voltage droops. Additionally, bypassing the output with a 0.01μF to 0.1μF ceramic capacitor improves the immunity of the device to short-circuit transients.

Power Dissipation and Junction Temperature

The low on-resistance on the P-channel MOSFET allows the small surface-mount packages to pass large currents. It is good design practice to check power dissipation and junction temperature for each application. Begin by determining the $R_{DS(ON)}$ of the P-channel MOSFET relative to the input voltage and operating temperature. Using the highest operating ambient temperature of interest and $R_{DS(ON)}$, the power dissipation per switch can be calculated by:

$$P_D = R_{DS(ON)} \times I_{OUT}^{\ 2} \quad (1)$$

Finally, calculate the junction temperature:

$$T_J = P_D \times R_{\theta JA} + T_A \quad (2)$$

Where:

T_A= Ambient temperature

$R_{\theta JA}$ = Thermal resistance

P_D = Total power dissipation

Compare the calculated junction temperature with the maximum junction temperature which is 150°C. If they are within degrees, either the maximum load current needs to be reduced or another package option will be required.

Over Current

A sense FET is employed to check for over-current conditions. When an over-current condition is detected, the device maintains a constant output current and reduces the output voltage accordingly. ET20155 will limit the current until the overload condition is removed or the device begins to thermal cycle.

Three possible overload conditions can occur. In the first condition, the output has been shorted before the device is enabled or before VIN has been applied. The ET20155 senses the short and immediately switches into a constant-current output.

In the second condition, a short or an overload occurs while the device is enabled. At the instant the overload occurs, high currents may flow for a short period of time before the current-limit circuit can react .After the current-limit circuit reached the over-current trip threshold, the device switches into constant-current mode.

In the third condition, the load has been gradually increased beyond the recommended operating current. The current is permitted to rise until the current-limit threshold is reached or until the thermal limit of the device is exceeded. The ET20155 is capable of delivering current up to the current-limit threshold without damaging the device. Once the threshold has been reached, the device switches into its constant-current mode.

FLT Output

The FAULT Flag (FLT) is provided to alert the system if a ET20155 load is not receiving sufficient voltage to operate properly. If current limiting circuit is active for more than approximately 10us, the FAULT Flag is pulled to ground through an approximately 100Ω resistor. The filtering of voltage or current transients of less than 6ms prevents capacitive loads connected to the ET20155 output from activating the FAULT Flag when they are initially attached. However, if the device is entering over-temperature conditions, the FLT will be pulled low without delay or deglitch. Pull-up resistance of 1kΩ to 100kΩ on FLT pin is recommended.

Since FLT is an open drain terminal, it may be pulled up to any unrelated voltage less than the maximum operating voltage of 5.5V, allowing for level shifting between circuits.

Thermal Protection

Thermal protection prevents damage to the IC when heavy-overload or short-circuit faults are present for extended periods of time. The ET20155 implements a thermal sensing to monitor the operating junction temperature of the power distribution switch. In an over-current or short-circuit condition, the junction temperature rises due to excessive power dissipation.

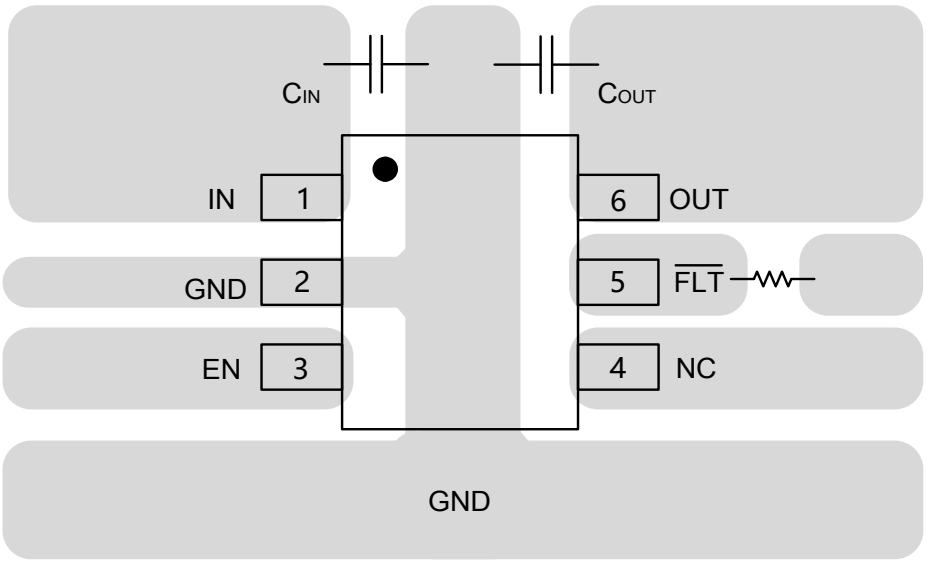
Once the die temperature rises to approximately 150° C due to over-current conditions, the internal thermal sense circuitry turns the power switch off, thus preventing the power switch from damage. Hysteresis is built into the thermal sense circuit, and after the device has cooled approximately 25° C, the switch turns back on. The switch continues to cycle in this manner until the load fault or input power is removed.

PCB Layout Guide

PCB layout is very important to achieve stable operation. It is highly recommended to duplicate EVB layout for optimum performance. If change is necessary, please follow these guidelines for reference.

1) Keep the path of current short and minimize the loop area formed by Input and output capacitor.

2) Output capacitor and IC must be on the same side, The distance of OUT pin and output capacitor <3mm is recommended.



PCB Layout Reference

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Rating	Unit
IN, EN, $\overline{FLT}$ Voltage	-0.3 to 6.0	V
OUT Voltage	-0.3 to V_{IN} + 0.3	V
OUT Current	Internal Limited	A
Power Dissipation (T_A = 25°C)	550	mW
Package Thermal Resistance(θ_{JA})	220	°C/W
Operating Junction Temperature	-40 to 150	°C
Storage Temperature	-65 to 150	°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	300	°C

Note: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Electrical Characteristics

(V_{IN} = +5.0V, T_A = -40°C to 85°C, C_L = 0.1 μF, typical values at T_A=25°C, unless otherwise stated)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{IN}	Input Voltage Range		2.5		5.5	V
V_{UVLO}	Input UVLO Voltage		1.4	1.8	2.3	V
I_{SHDN}	Input Shutdown Quiescent Current	Disabled, V_{EN}=0V, OUT floating or shorted to ground		0.1	1	uA
I_Q	Input Quiescent Current	Enabled, V_{EN}=V_{IN}, I_{OUT}= 0		25	60	uA
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Switch on-resistance	V_{IN}=5V, I_{OUT}=0.6A	250	300	350	mΩ
I_{LMT}	Current Limit	V_{IN}=5V, V_{OUT}=4.5V	130	250	350	mA
V_{IL}	EN Input Logic Low Voltage				0.35	V
V_{IH}	EN Input Logic High Voltage		1			V
I_{SINK}	EN Input leakage	V_{EN} = 5V		0.01	1	uA
T_{ON}	Output Turn-on Delay Time	V_{IN} =5V, C_L=18nF, R_L=100Ω	400	820	1200	us
T_R	Output Turn-on Rise Time	V_{IN} =5V, C_L=18nF, R_L=100Ω	200	600	1000	us
T_{OFF}	Output Turn-off Delay Time	V_{IN} =5V, C_L=18nF, R_L=100Ω	5	20	30	us
T_F	Output Turn-off Fall Time	V_{IN} =5V, C_L=18nF, R_L=100Ω	2	6.8	15	us
T_{FLT_BLANK}	FLT Blanking Time		0.1	10	50	us
V_{FLT_Lo}	FLT Logic Low Voltage	$I_{FLT(SINK)}$ =1mA			0.1	V
I_{FLT}	FLT Leakage Current	V_{FLT} = 5V, Enabled, No Fault Conditions		0.1	1	uA
I_{REV}	Reverse leakage current	V_{OUT} = 5V , V_{IN} = 0V measure I_{VOUT}		0.2	2	uA
V_{RCB}	RCB Activation Threshold	V_{OUT} Rising; V_{OUT} > V_{IN}	30	60	100	mV
	RCB Release Threshold	V_{OUT} Falling; V_{OUT} > V_{IN}		40		
$R_{PD,ON}$	Smart Pull Down Resistance	V_{ON}≤V_{IL}		500		kΩ
T_{SHDN}	Thermal shutdown threshold	V_{IN} = 5V	130	150	165	°C
T_{HYS}	Thermal shutdown hysteresis	V_{IN} = 5V		25		°C

Typical Performance Characteristics

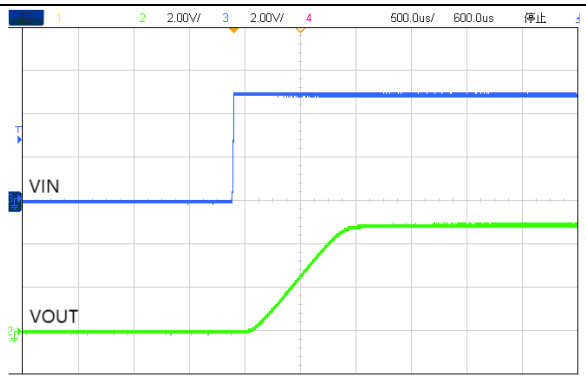


Figure 1. UVLO at Rising

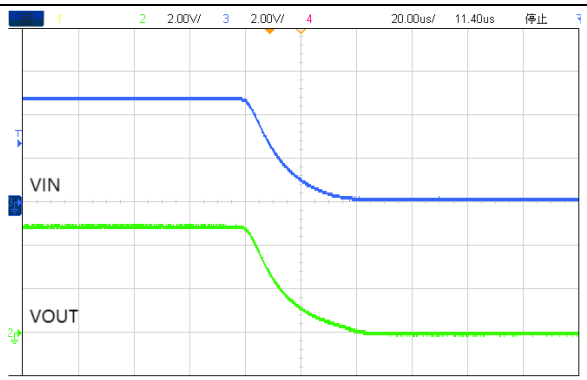


Figure 2. UVLO at Falling

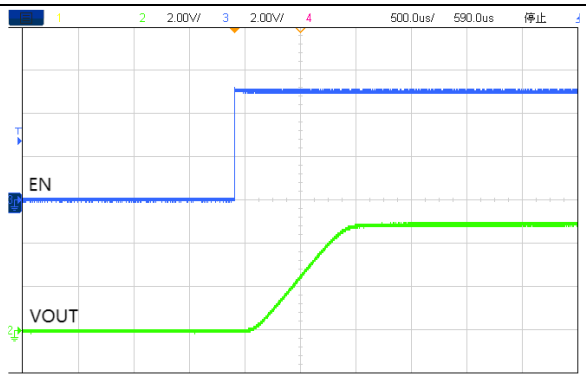


Figure 3. Turn on delay

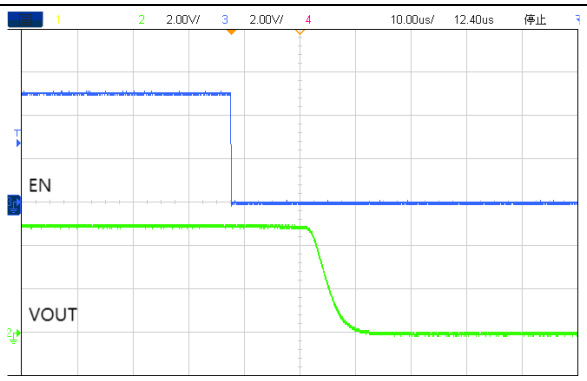


Figure 4. Turn off delay

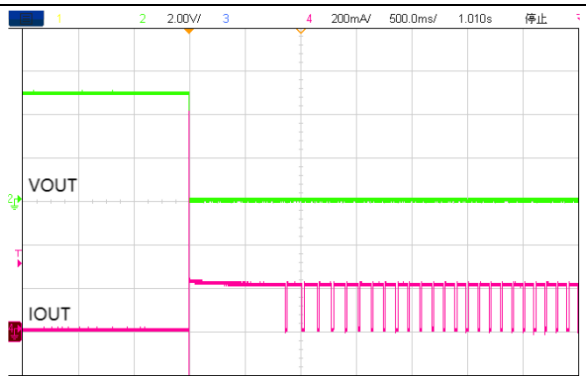


Figure 5. Short circuit response and Thermal shut down

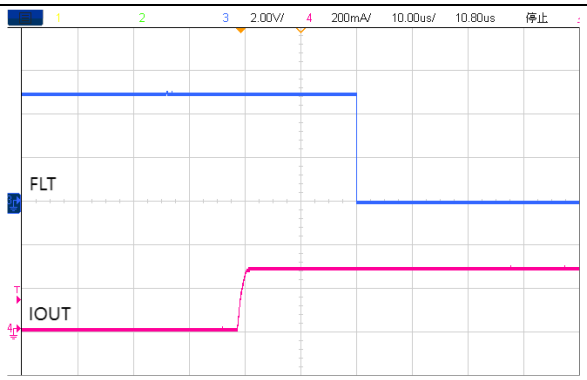
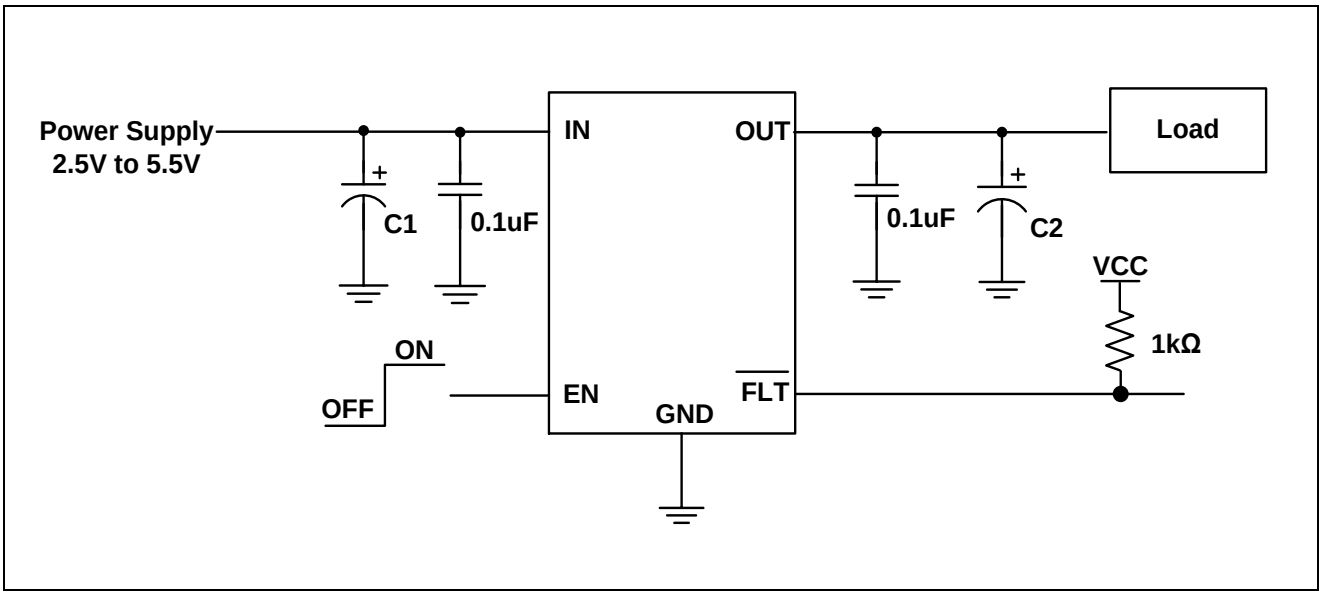


Figure 6. FLT Blanking Time

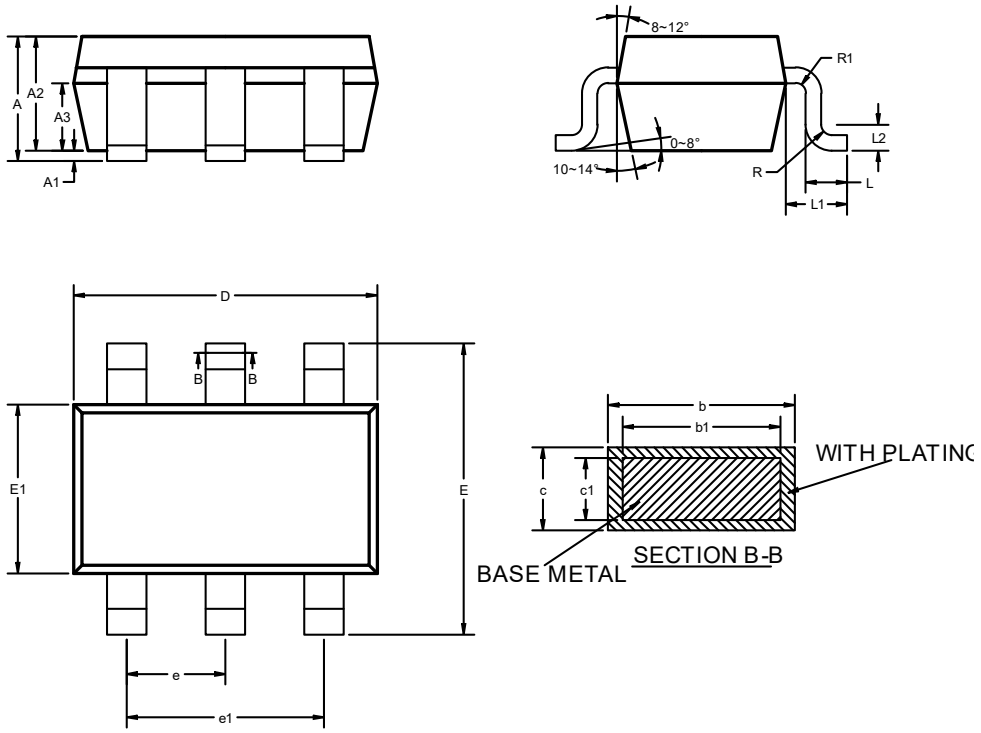
Application Circuits



Note: Tantalum or Aluminum Electrolytic capacitors (C1 and C2) may be required for USB applications.

Package Dimension

SC70-6



COMMON DIMENSIONS

(UNITS OF MEASURE=MILLIMETER)

SYMBOL		MIN	NOM	MAX
A		0.85	--	1.05
A1		0	--	0.10
A2		0.80	0.90	1.00
A3		0.47	0.52	0.57
b	Ni Pd Au	0.22	-	0.29
	PURE Sn	0.23	-	0.33
b1		0.22	0.25	0.28
c	Ni Pd Au	0.115	-	0.15
	PURE Sn	0.12	-	0.18
c1		0.115	0.13	0.14
D		2.02	2.07	2.12
E		2.20	2.30	2.40
E1		1.25	1.30	1.35
e		0.60	0.65	0.70
e1		1.20	1.30	1.40
L		0.28	0.33	0.38
L1		0.50REF		
L2		0.15BSC		
R		0.10	--	--
R1		0.10	--	0.25

Revision History and Checking Table

Version	Date	Revision Item	Modifier	Function & Spec Checking	Package & Tape Checking
1.0	2022-10-28	Initial Version	Ma yan yan	Liu Yi Guo	Liujy
1.1	2023-11-14	Format update	Zoucm	Liu Yi Guo	Liujy